## Angles \& Triangles

## Instruction:

- Fact: The sum of all three angles in any triangle is $180^{\circ}$.
- State your final answer correctly.


$$
\measuredangle \mathbf{A}+\measuredangle \mathbf{B}+\measuredangle \mathbf{C}=18 \mathbf{0}^{\circ}
$$

1. The three angles in a triangle are equal. Find the measure of all three angles.
2. Two angles in a triangle are equal. The third angle is $30^{\circ}$ less than the measure of the equal angles. Find the measure of all three angles.
3. Two angles in a triangle are equal. The third angle is $20^{\circ}$ more than the sum of the equal angles. Find the measure of all three angles.
4. One angle of a triangle is twice another angle. The third angle is $90^{\circ}$. Find the two missing angles.
5. The measure of the three angles in a triangle are consecutive integers. Find the measure of all three angles.
6. The measure of the three angles in a triangle are consecutive even integers. Find the measure of all three angles.
7. In triangle $A B C$, angles $A$, and $B$ have the same measure, while the measure of angle $C$ is $60^{\circ}$ greater than each of the other two angles. Find the measure of all three angles.
8. In triangle $A B C$, the measure of angle $A$ is twice the measure of angle $B$, while the measure of angle $C$ is three times the measure of angle $B$. Find the measure of all three angles.

## Instruction:

- Fact: Vertical angles are equal.
- Fact: The sum of adjacent angles is $180^{\circ}$.
- State your final answer correctly.

Angles A and C are vertical angles.
Angles B and D are vertical angles.
Angles A and B are adjacent angles. Angles B and C are adjacent angles. Angles C and D are adjacent angles. Angles D and A are adjacent angles.
9. Two vertical angles are labeled as $(3 x-15)^{\circ}$ and $(2 x+25)^{\circ}$. Find the measure of both angles.
10. Two adjacent angles are labeled as $(3 x-15)^{\circ}$ and $(2 x-5)^{\circ}$. Find the measure of both angles.
11. Two vertical angles are labeled as $(7 x)^{\circ}$ and $(2 x+45)^{\circ}$. Find the measure of both angles.
12. Two adjacent angles are labeled as $(5 x-12)^{\circ}$ and $(x+6)^{\circ}$. Find the measure of both angles.

## Instruction:

- Fact: The measure of a right angle is $90^{\circ}$.
- Fact: Two angles are called complementary angles when their sum is $90^{\circ}$.
- State your final answer correctly.


Angles A and B are complementary angles.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \measuredangle \mathbf{A}+\measuredangle \mathbf{B}=\mathbf{9 0 ^ { \circ }} \\
& \measuredangle \mathbf{A}=\mathbf{9 0 ^ { \circ }}-\measuredangle \mathbf{B} \\
& \measuredangle \mathbf{B}=\mathbf{9 0 ^ { \circ }}-\measuredangle \mathbf{A}
\end{aligned}
$$

13. Two complementary angles are labeled as $(3 x-15)^{\circ}$ and $(2 x+25)^{\circ}$. Find the measure of both angles.
14. Find two complementary angles such that they both have the same measure.
15. Find two complementary angles such that the measure of one is four times the measure of the other one.
16. Find two complementary angles such that the measure of one is $30^{\circ}$ less than twice the measure of the other one.

## Instruction:

- Fact: The measure of a straight angle is $180^{\circ}$.
- Fact: Two angles are called supplementary angles when their sum is $180^{\circ}$.
- State your final answer correctly.


Angles A and B are supplementary angles.

$$
\measuredangle \mathrm{A}+\measuredangle \mathrm{B}=180^{\circ}
$$

$$
\measuredangle B=180^{\circ}-\measuredangle A
$$

$$
\measuredangle \mathrm{A}=18 \mathbf{0}^{\circ}-\measuredangle \mathrm{B}
$$

17. Two supplementary angles are labeled as $(6 x-25)^{\circ}$ and $(3 x+25)^{\circ}$. Find the measure of both angles.
18. Find two supplementary angles such that the measure of one of them is nine times the measure of the other one.
19. Find two supplementary angles such that the measure of one of them is $40^{\circ}$ less than the measure of the other one.
20. Find two supplementary angles such that the measure of one of them is $50^{\circ}$ more than four the measure of the other one.
